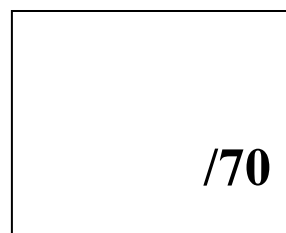


**First Term Test (2020-2021)**  
**Form Two Mathematics**

**Date : Time allowed :**  
**1 hour**



**Class: F.2 \_\_\_\_\_(     )     Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Section A—Multiple Choice Questions (2 marks each, 10 marks)**

**Please put your answers in the boxes provided on P.2**

1. It is given that  $3(Px - Q)(x + 2) \equiv 6x^2 + 3x + R$ , find the value of  $R$ .  
A.  $-18$   
B.  $-6$   
C.  $3$   
D.  $18$
  
2.  $2p^2 - pq + qr - 2pr + 3q - 6p =$   
A.  $(2p - q)(p - r + 3)$ .  
B.  $(2p + q)(p - r + 3)$ .  
C.  $(2p - q)(p - r - 3)$ .  
D.  $(2p + q)(p - r - 3)$ .
  
3. If  $p^3q = -4$  and  $3p - 2q = 6$ , then  $20p^6q^3 - 30p^7q^2 =$   
A.  $-960$ .  
B.  $-480$ .  
C.  $480$ .  
D.  $960$ .
  
4. The sum of the units digit and the tens digit of a two-digit number is 12. If the two digits are interchanged, the new number is greater than the original number by 54. Let  $x$  be the tens digit and  $y$  be the units digit of the original number, which of the following pairs of simultaneous equations can be formed from the information given above?  
A.  $\begin{cases} x + y = 12 \\ yx - xy = 54 \end{cases}$   
B.  $\begin{cases} 10x + y = 12 \\ ((10y + x) - (10x + y)) = 54 \end{cases}$   
C.  $\begin{cases} x + y = 12 \\ ((10x + y) - (10y + x)) = 54 \end{cases}$   
D.  $\begin{cases} x + y = 12 \\ ((10y + x) - (10x + y)) = 54 \end{cases}$

5. The graph of the equation  $3x - 2y + k = 0$  passes through the points  $(3, 2)$  and  $(1, a)$ . Find the values of  $k$  and  $a$ .
- A.  $k = -5, a = 1$   
 B.  $k = -5, a = -1$   
 C.  $k = 5, a = 4$   
 D.  $k = 5, a = -4$

1	2	3	4	5	Section A Total

**Section B—Short Questions (31 marks)**

6. Determine, with explanation, whether  $\frac{(x+1)(2x-1)}{4} = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1-x}{4}$  is an identity. (5 marks)

7. Solve the simultaneous equations  $\begin{cases} 2x - 5y = 42 \\ 5x - 3y = 29 \end{cases}$  by the **method of substitution**. (5 marks)

8. Solve the simultaneous equations  $\frac{6x+y}{5} = \frac{4x-5y}{9} = 3$  by the **method of elimination**. (5 marks)

9. (a) Factorize  $y^3 + xy^2 - 7y^2$ . (1 mark)

(b) Hence, factorize  $y^3 + xy^2 - 7y^2 - y - x + 7$ . (3 marks)

10. Factorize  $50a^3 - 18a(a - 2)^2$ . (5 marks)

11. Expand  $12\left(\frac{p^5}{3} - \frac{3q}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{3q}{2} - \frac{p^5}{3}\right)$ . (4 marks)

12. (a) Expand  $(a - 2x)^2$ . (1 mark)  
(b) Using the result of (a), expand  $(a - 2b + 4c)^2$ . (3 marks)

**Section C—Long Questions (29 marks)**

13. (a) Factorize  $4x^2 - 12xy + 9y^2$ . (1 mark)  
(b) Using the result of (a), factorize  $4(4p - q)^2 - 12(4p - q)(p + q) + 9(p + q)^2$ . (4 marks)

14. (a) Solve the simultaneous equations  $\begin{cases} 2x + 11y = 57 \\ 3x - 5y = 21 \end{cases}$ . (4 marks)

(b) Using the result of (a), solve the simultaneous equations  $\begin{cases} 2(a + b) + 11(a - b) = 57 \\ 3(a + b) - 5(a - b) = 21 \end{cases}$ . (3 marks)

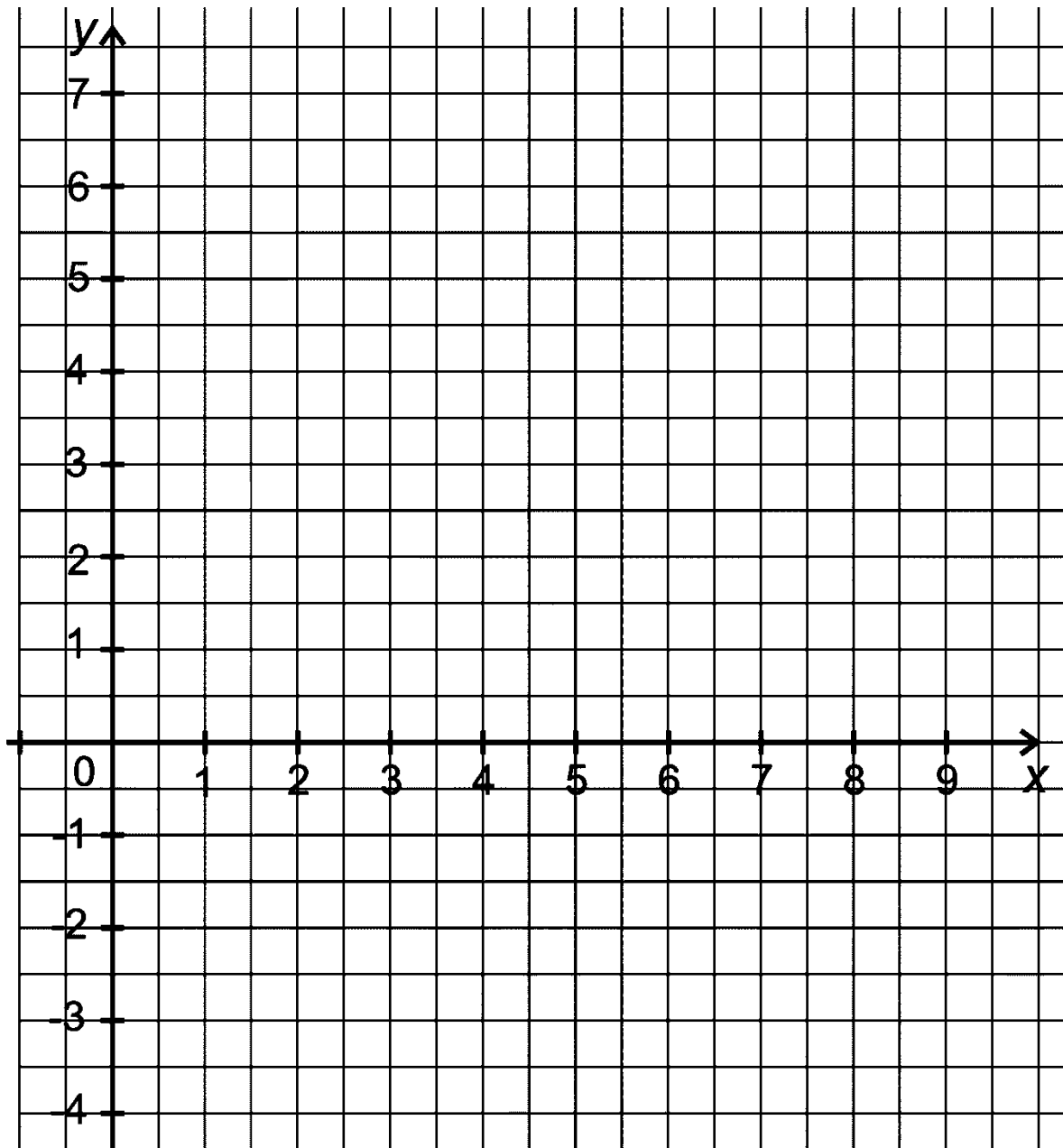
15. Dennis has some \$2 coins and some \$5 coins in his pocket. The total value of the coins is \$49. If the number of \$2 coins is higher than 2 times the number of \$5 coins by 2, find the total number of coins Dennis has. (5 marks)

16. If the graphs of the equations  $ax + by = 19$  and  $3ax - (2b - 1)y = 15$  intersect at  $(5, 3)$ , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ . (5 marks)

17. By filling in **ALL THE BOXES** in the tables below, solve  $\begin{cases} 4x + 2y = 15 \\ -x + 3y = -9 \end{cases}$  graphically. (6 marks)

$4x + 2y = 15$			
$x$			
$y$	5.5	1.5	-2.5

$-x + 3y = -9$			
$x$	0	3	6
$y$			



Therefore, the solution is \_\_\_\_\_.

**END OF PAPER**